ZIR ZEBRAFISH INTERNATIONAL RESOURCE CENTER

Last Updated April 6, 2008

$bmp4^{st72}$

Nature of the mutation

The st72 allele contains a single G-to-T point mutation that introduces a premature stop codon at amino acid 209, resulting in truncation of the Bmp4 protein (Talbot W. S., personal communication).

Genotyping assay

Genotyping of the st72 allele is based on the dCAPS assay (derived Cleaved Amplified Polymorphic Sequence; Neff et al., The Plant Journal 14(3): 387-392, 1998). In this assay, a restriction enzyme recognition site that includes the single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) is introduced into the PCR product by a primer containing one or more mismatches to template DNA. The PCR product modified in this manner is then subjected to restriction enzyme digestion and the presence or absence of the SNP is determined by the resulting restriction pattern.

To genotype the st72 allele, a mismatch (marked in red) has been introduced into the reverse primer. During PCR, this mismatch and the st72 mutation create a MaeIII restriction enzyme site in the amplified product. The MaeIII site is not present in the PCR product derived from the WT DNA template.

Primers:

5' CGA ACT CAT ATC CAC CGC AGA GC 3' **BMF 03:** BMF 06d: 5' GCA GGG CTA ACG TCG AAA CGT T 3'

PCR program (60 30 30):

- 1. 94°C for 3 min
- 2. 94°C for 30 sec
- 3. 60°C for 30 sec
- 4. 72°C for **30** sec
- 5. Go to step 2 (above) for 39 cycles
- 72°C for 5 min 6.
- 7. 8.0°C hold
- 8. **END**

Product size: 216 bp

Digestion of the PCR product with the MaeIII restriction enzyme:

Product type	Product digestion	DNA fragments after digestion (bp)
PCR product derived from the WT template	unaffected	216 bp
PCR product containing the mutation	cleaved	192 bp and 24 bp