

wnt16 fh235

Nature of the mutation

The fh235 allele contains a single T-to-A point mutation that substitutes Cys by Ser at residue 339 of the Wnt16 protein (Moens C., personal communication).

Genotyping assay

Genotyping of the fh235 allele is based on the RFLP assay (Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism; Botstein *et al.*, Am. J. Hum. Genet. 32: 314-331, 1980). This method is used to detect a mutation that either creates or abolishes a site recognized by a specific restriction enzyme. In the RFLP assay, a sequence of interest is first PCR-amplified and then the PCR product is subjected to restriction enzyme digestion. The presence or absence of the mutation is determined by the resulting restriction pattern. The *fh235* mutation creates a site recognized by the BsgI restriction enzyme.

Primers:

fh235_05: 5' GGA CCG TTC CAA ACG TAA GG 3' fh235_06: 5' AGG CTG ACA ACA CAA AGA AGG TC 3'

PCR program (60_30_30):

- 1. 94°C for 3 min
- 2. 94°C for 30 sec
- 3. **60°**C for **30** sec
- 4. 72°C for **30** sec
- 5. Go to step 2 (above) for 39 cycles
- 6. 72°C for 5 min
- 7. 8.0°C hold
- 8. END

Product size: 387 bp

Digestion of the PCR product with the BsgI restriction enzyme:

Product type	Product digestion	DNA fragments after digestion (bp)
PCR product derived from the WT template	unaffected	387 bp
PCR product containing the mutation	cleaved	280 bp and 107 bp