

# ZEBRAFISH INTERNATIONAL RESOURCE CENTER Last Updated March

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# $tbx1^{tm208}$

#### **Nature of the mutation**

The tm208 allele contains a single A-to-T point mutation at nucleotide position 877 of the tbx1 coding region. This mutation introduces a premature stop codon near the end of the T-box, leading to the deletion of the entire C-terminus of the protein (Piotrowski et al., Development 130: 5043-5052, 2003).

#### Genotyping assay

Genotyping of the tm208 allele is based on the RFLP assay (Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism; Botstein et al., Am. J. Hum. Genet. 32: 314-331, 1980). This method is used to detect a mutation that either creates or abolishes a site recognized by a specific restriction enzyme. In the RFLP assay, a sequence of interest is first PCR-amplified and then the PCR product is subjected to restriction enzyme digestion. The presence or absence of the mutation is determined by the resulting restriction pattern. The tm208 mutation abolishes a site recognized by the AcuI restriction enzyme.

#### **Primers:**

TBX 03: 5' CAC AAG GCT CTG GAA TGA ACT TG 3'

TBX 04: 5' GCT ACA AAA CAA AGC ACA GTT ATG C 3'

### PCR program (55 30 30):

- 1. 94°C for 3 min
- 2 94°C for 30 sec
- 3. 55°C for 30 sec
- 72°C for **30** sec 4.
- 5. Go to step 2 (above) for 39 cycles
- 72°C for 5 min 6.
- 7. 8.0°C hold
- 8. **END**

Product size: 360 bp

## Digestion of the PCR product with the AcuI restriction enzyme:

Product type	<b>Product digestion</b>	DNA fragments after digestion (bp)
PCR product derived from the WT template	cleaved	188 bp and 172 bp
PCR product containing the mutation	unaffected	360 bp

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** It is highly recommended to use WT positive controls to monitor whether enzyme digestion has been carried out to completion. Without this control, partially digested WT samples can be mistakenly regarded as heterozygous samples.