ZIR ZEBRAFISH INTERNATIONAL RESOURCE CENTER

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$mcm5^{m850}$

Nature of the mutation

The m850 allele contains a single T-to-C point mutation that takes place within the highly conserved splice donor site at the end of the second exon. The mutation results in a shorter mcm5 transcript that lacks the entire second exon (Ryu et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102(51):18467-18472, 2005).

Genotyping assay

Genotyping of the m850 allele is based on the dCAPS assay (derived Cleaved Amplified Polymorphic Sequence; Neff et al., The Plant Journal 14(3): 387-392, 1998). In this assay, a restriction enzyme recognition site that includes the single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) is introduced into the PCR product by a primer containing one or more mismatches to template DNA. The PCR product modified in this manner is then subjected to restriction enzyme digestion and the presence or absence of the SNP is determined by the resulting restriction pattern.

To genotype the m850 allele, a mismatch (marked in red) has been introduced into the reverse primer. During PCR, this mismatch and the m850 mutation create a NlaIII restriction enzyme site in the amplified product. The NlaIII site is not present in the PCR product derived from the WT DNA template.

Primers:

MCM 02: 5' ATT TCG AGT CGG TTC AGT GAG 3' MCM 04d: 5' GCA TTA AAC ACG AGT CTA TCC AT 3'

PCR program (53 30 30):

- 94°C for 3 min 1.
- 2. 94°C for 30 sec
- 3. 53°C for 30 sec
- 4. 72°C for **30** sec
- 5. Go to step 2 (above) for 39 cycles
- 72°C for 5 min 6
- 8.0°C hold 7.
- 8. **END**

Product size: 275 bp

Digestion of the PCR product with the NlaIII restriction enzyme:

Product type	Product digestion	DNA fragments after digestion (bp)
PCR product derived from the WT template	unaffected	275 bp
PCR product containing the mutation	cleaved	255 bp and 20 bp